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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/775,431	02/01/2001	Paul Gardiner	11411/110	7031
26646	7590 : 06/30/2003	•	•	
KENYON & KENYON ONE BROADWAY			EXAMINER	
NEW YORK,			BAHAR, MOJDEH	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1617	15
			DATE MAILED: 06/30/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•		Application No.	plicant(s)
		09/775,431	GARDINER ET AL.
Office A	ction Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
		Mojdeh Bahar	1617
The MAILING Period for Reply	DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet w	rith the correspondence address
A SHORTENED ST THE MAILING DAT  - Extensions of time may be after SIX (6) MONTHS from the period for reply specified by is second to the period for reply received by the period for the period	FATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. The available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 or the mailing date of this communication. Cified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replepecified above, the maximum statutory period set or extended period for reply will, by statute office later than three months after the mailing timent. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a y within the statutory minimum of this will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI	reply be timely filed  ty (30) days will be considered timely.  NTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
1) Responsive	to communication(s) filed on 22 /	April 2003 .	
2a) This action is		is action is non-final.	
3) Since this ap closed in acc Disposition of Claims		ance except for formal ma	tters, prosecution as to the merits is D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7,</u>	11-15 and 44-47 is/are pending i	n the application.	·
	ve claim(s) is/are withdrav		
5) Claim(s)			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7,</u>	11-15, 44-47 is/are rejected.		
<u>—</u>	_ is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s)	_ are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement	
Application Papers	- ,	or o	
9) The specification	on is objected to by the Examine	<del>.</del>	
10) The drawing(s)	filed on is/are: a) ☐ accep	ted or b) objected to by t	he Examiner.
· ·	not request that any objection to the		
11) The proposed of	Irawing correction filed on	is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ d	isapproved by the Examiner.
	prrected drawings are required in rep		
12) The oath or dec	claration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.	•
Priority under 35 U.S.C	. §§ 119 and 120		
13) Acknowledgme	ent is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ So	ome * c) None of:		• •
1. ☐ Certified	copies of the priority documents	have been received.	
2. Certified	copies of the priority documents	have been received in A	oplication No
3.☐ Copies o appli	of the certified copies of the priori cation from the International Bur I detailed Office action for a list o	ty documents have been leau (PCT Rule 17 2(a))	received in this National Stage
			§ 119(e) (to a provisional application).
a) ☐ The transla 15)☐ Acknowledgmen	ition of the foreign language provitismade of a claim for domestic	isional application has be	en received
Attachment(s)			
3) L Information Disclosure St	ed (PTO-892) Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) tatement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	4)	ummary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) formal Patent Application (PTO-152)
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01)	Office Acti	on Summary	Part of Paper No. 15

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on April 15, 2003, has been entered.

In the response, applicant cancels claims 8-10, but in the remarks applicant mentions that claims 8-10 are amended. Note that these claims are deemed cancelled. Applicant also notes that claim 44 has been added. Note that claims 44-47 have been added. Also note that the marked up version of the amendment refers to new claims 44-47 as claims 48-51. Appropriate correction is required.

Claims 1-7, 11-15 and 44-47 are herein examined on the merits.

Applicant's amendment to claim 1 is persuasive to remove the rejection under 35 USC 102 in the previous office action.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.

3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1-7, 11-15 and 44-47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Paul et al. (US 5,292,538) in view of Riley (USPN 5,976,568), reference submitted in the IDS of 02/21/02.

Paul et al. (US 5,292,538) discloses a nutritional composition comprising glucose polymers, lactalbumin (whey protein), amino acid ligands (e.g. zinc arginate), potassium, phosphorus, alpha-ketoglutarate (within the claimed range), lipoic acid, vitamin C and Inositol, see claims and table columns 10-12, see also col. 4 lines 53-66.

Paul et al. does not teach the exact amount of lipoic acid claimed herein.

Riley (USPN 5,976,568) teaches a nutritional supplement comprising from about 0.0 mg to about 750 mg of alpha lipoic acid, see claim 1, col. 29.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ from about 0.0 mg to about 750 mg of alpha lipoic acid in the nutritional supplement of Paul et al.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ from about 0.0 mg to about 750 mg of alpha lipoic acid in the nutritional supplement of Paul et al. because optimization of amounts is within the purview of the Skilled Artisan. Furthermore as taught by

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Riley, from about 0.0 mg to about 750 mg of alpha lipoic acid is known to be used in nutritional supplement compositions.

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed April 15, 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that there is no motivation to combine the teachings of Paul et al. with those of Riley. Applicants believe that the motivation is based on impermissible hindsight. In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).

Applicant further argues that the lipoic acid in Paul and Riley is employed as an antioxidant and not to increase muscle mass. Note that the claims herein are all drawn to
compositions, and not methods of use. The recitation of intended use does not further limit a
claim drawn to a composition. Note further that the composition of Paul includes all the
ingredients recited herein. The only difference between the Paul reference and the claims herein
is the amount of lipoic acid. Riley is employed to show that the amounts of lipoic acid employed
in the instant composition is known in the art.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mojdeh Bahar whose telephone number is (703) 305-1007. The

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examiner can normally be reached on (703) 305-1007 from 8:30 a.m. to 6:30 p.m. Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sreeni Padmanabhan., can be reached on (703) 305-1877. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 308-4556.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1235.

Mojdeh Bahar Patent Examiner June 22, 2003

> SREENI PADMANABHAN PRIMARY EXAMINER

6/24/33